

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
. 10/809,873	03/25/2004	Wolfgang Theilmann	13909-161001	7587
32864 FISH & RICH	7590 02/06/2008 ARDSON, P.C.	EXAMINER		
PO BOX 1022			AHLUWALIA, NAVNEET K	
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2166	
		·	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
	•		02/06/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

•	•	mN
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Occurrence	10/809,873	THEILMANN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Navneet K. Ahluwalia	2166
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		•
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Notest</u> This action is FINAL. Since this application is in condition for allower closed in accordance with the practice under Exercise. 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,3-14 and 16-28 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,3-14 and 16-28 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) D Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

DETAILED ACTION

1. This communication is in response to the Amendment filed 11/08/2007.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 14 – 26 and 28 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Claim 14 claims a computer program product being tangibly embodied in an information carrier, this falls under non statutory subject matter as it is not within the four statutory classes.

Appropriate correction is required.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Claims 1, 3 14, 16 28 are pending in this Office Action. After a further search and a thorough examination of the present application, claims 1, 3 14, 16 28 remain rejected.
- 4. Applicant's arguments filed with respect to claims 1, 3 14, 16 28 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that there is no teaching in Theilmann alone or in combination with Beavers of storing version dependency data in the project object where the version dependency data identifies at least a version of object.

In response to Applicant's argument, the Examiner submits that in the previous office action and rejection examiner stated that Theilmann alone did not teach the version dependency data as claimed. Instead Beavers however teaches the storing of the versions and their dependency as claimed in paragraphs 149 and 174, Beavers.

Other claims recite the same subject matter and for the same reasons as cited above the rejection is maintained.

Hence, Applicant's arguments do not distinguish the claimed invention over the prior art of record. In light of the foregoing arguments, the 103 rejections are sustained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Claims 1, 3 – 14, 16 – 28 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Theilmann et al. ('Theilmann' herein after) (US 2004/0126750 A1) further in view of Beavers et al. ('Beavers' herein after) (US 2004/0002049 A1).

With respect to claim 1,

Theilmann discloses a method, performed by one or more processing devices, for use in an electronic learning system that stores information as learning objects, the method comprising: designating a target learning object as a project object and storing version dependency data in the project object, the version dependency data identifying at least a version of a first object upon which the project object directly depends, and a version of a second object upon which the project object indirectly depends the project object being an object that is separate from the first object and second object; wherein the first object stores dependency data identifying the second object upon which the first object depends and wherein the first object does not store version dependency data identifying the version of the second object upon which the first object depends the version of the second object upon which the first object depends being determined by the version dependency data in the project object (paragraphs 7 – 11, 39 – 42 and 101).

Theilmann however does not disclose the storing of the versions and their dependency explicitly as claimed.

Beavers however teaches the storing of the versions and their dependency as claimed in paragraphs 149 and 174, Beavers.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of data processing at the time of the present invention to combine the teachings of cited references because there are directed towards the same field of invention of electronic learning systems. Furthermore, the detailed stored information regarding the versions and their dependency and other metadata would make the flow of the information easily understood and remove unnecessary duplication (paragraphs 174 – 177, Beavers).

With respect to claim 3,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein designating comprises storing data in the project object that indicates that the target learning object is the project object (paragraph 101, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 4,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the target learning object comprises a portal to other learning objects in the electronic learning system (paragraphs 53 – 59, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 5,

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the other learning objects define a course offered via the electronic learning system (paragraphs 25 – 27, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 6,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 4, wherein the target learning object comprises a glossary of a course (paragraphs 25 – 27, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 7,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: identifying learning objects upon which the project object depends; moving the project object and learning objects upon which the project object depends between the local repository and the master repository (paragraphs 63 – 65, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 8,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: copying the version of the first object from the master

10/809,873

Art Unit: 2166

repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository; and resolving dependencies associated with the version of the first object in accordance with a predefined rule (paragraphs 70 - 72, 83 and 89, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 9,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 8, wherein the version of the first object depends on the second object, and resolving comprises making the version of the first object depend on a most current version of the second object in the local repository (paragraphs 91 – 93, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 10,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: copying the project object, the version of the first object, and the version of the second object from the master repository to the local repository; creating a second version of the first object; and updating the version dependency data in the project object to reference the second version of the first object (paragraphs 70 – 72, 83 and 89 – 93, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 11,

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first and second objects stores information about a dependent object (paragraph 108, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 12,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 11, wherein the information comprises an identity of the dependent object (paragraph 108, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 13,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: copying the version of the first object from the master repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository; and resolving dependencies associated with the version of the first object in favor of current versions of objects on which the first object depends (paragraphs 70 – 72, 83 and 89 – 93, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 14,

Theilmann discloses a computer program product for use in an electronic learning system that stores information as learning objects, the computer program product being tangibly embodied in an information carrier, the computer program

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

product being operable to cause one or more machines to: designate a target learning object as a project object; store version dependency data in the project object, the version dependency data identifying at least a version of a first object upon which the project object directly depends, and a version of a second object upon which the project object indirectly depends the project object being an object that is separate from the first object and second object; wherein the first object stores dependency data identifying the second object upon which the first object depends, and wherein the first object doesnot store version dependency data identifying the version of the second object upon which the first object depends the version of the second object upon which the first object depends being determined by the version dependency data in the project object (paragraphs 7 – 11, 39 – 42 and 101, Theilmann).

Theilmann however doesnot disclose the storing of the versions and their dependency explicitly as claimed.

Beavers however teaches the storing of the versions and their dependency as claimed in paragraphs 149 and 174, Beavers.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of data processing at the time of the present invention to combine the teachings of cited references because there are directed towards the same field of invention of electronic learning systems. Furthermore, the detailed stored information regarding the versions and their dependency and other metadata would make the flow of the information easily understood and remove unnecessary duplication (paragraphs 174 – 177, Beavers).

With respect to claim 16,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein designating comprises storing data in the project object that indicates that the target learning object is the project object (paragraph 101, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 17,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the target learning object comprises a portal to other learning objects in the electronic learning system (paragraphs 53 – 59, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 18,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the other learning objects define a course offered via the electronic learning system (paragraphs 25 – 27, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 19,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the target learning object comprises a glossary of a course (paragraphs 25 – 27, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 20,

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions operable to cause the one or more machines to: identify learning objects upon which the project object depends; move the project object and learning objects upon which the project object depends between the local repository and the master repository (paragraphs 63 – 65, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 21,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions operable to cause the one or more machines to: copy the version of the first object from the master repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository; and resolve dependencies associated with the version of the first object in accordance with a predefined rule (paragraphs 70 – 72, 83 and 89, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 22,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the version of the first object depends on the second object, and resolving

10/809,873

Art Unit: 2166

comprises making the version of the first object depend on a most current version of the second object in the local repository (paragraphs 91 – 93, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 23,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions operable to cause the one or more machines to: copy the project object, the version of the first object, and the version of the second object from the master repository to the local repository; create a second version of the first object; and update the version dependency data in the project object to reference the second version of the first object (paragraphs 70 - 72, 83 and 89 - 93, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 24,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein at least one of the first and second objects stores information about a dependent object (paragraph 108, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 25,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the information comprises an identity of the dependent object (paragraph 108,

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Theilmann).

With respect to claim 26,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions cause the one or more machines to: copy the version of the first object from the master repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository; and resolve dependencies associated with the version of the first object in favor of current versions of objects on which the first object depends (paragraphs 70 – 72, 83 and 89 – 93, Theilmann).

With respect to claim 27,

Theilmann as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the version of the first object and the version of the second object store object dependency data but not version dependency data, wherein the object dependency data for the version of the first object identifies one or more first learning objects upon which the version of the first object depends but does not identify versions of the one or more first learning objects, and wherein object dependency data for the version of the second object identifies one or more second learning objects upon which the version of the second object depends

10/809,873

Art Unit: 2166

but does not identify versions of the one or more second learning objects (paragraphs 7 - 11, 39 - 42 and 101).

With respect to claim 28,

Theilmann as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the version of the first object and the version of the second object store object dependency data but not version dependency data, wherein the object dependency data for the version of the first object identifies one or more first learning objects upon which the version of the first object depends but does not identify versions of the one or more first learning objects, and wherein object dependency data for the version of the second object identifies one or more second learning objects upon which the version of the second object depends but does not identify versions of the one or more second learning objects (paragraphs 7 – 11, 39 – 42 and 101, Theilmann).

Response to Arguments

- 8. Claims 1, 3 14, 16 28 are pending in this Office Action. After a further search and a thorough examination of the present application, claims 1, 3 14, 16 28 remain rejected.
- 9. Applicant's arguments filed with respect to claims 1, 3 14, 16 28 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Applicant argues that there is no teaching in Cook alone or in combination with Goodman of storing version dependency data in the project object where the version dependency data identifies at least a version of object.

In response to Applicant's argument, the Examiner submits that in the previous office action and rejection examiner stated that Cook alone did not teach the version dependency data as claimed. Instead Goodman taught the version dependency data in paragraphs 0316 and 0378. Goodman furthermore teaches version control in paragraphs 0138, 0170 and 0173.

Other claims recite the same subject matter and for the same reasons as cited above the rejection is maintained.

Hence, Applicant's arguments do not distinguish the claimed invention over the prior art of record. In light of the foregoing arguments, the 103 rejections are sustained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of

10/809,873

Art Unit: 2166

the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

12. Claims 1, 3 – 14, 16 – 28 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cook et al. ('Cook' herein after) (US 2002/0168621 A1) further in view of Goodman et al. ('Goodman' herein after) (US 2006/0059253 A1).

With respect to claim 1,

Cook discloses a method, performed by one or more processing devices, for use in an electronic learning system that stores information as learning objects, the method comprising: designating a target learning object as a project object (paragraph 0077, Cook); storing version dependency data in the project object, the version dependency data identifying at least a version of a first object upon which the project object directly depends (paragraph 0078, Cook), and a version of a second object upon which the project object indirectly depends the project object being an object that is separate from the first object and second object (paragraphs 0079 – 0081, Cook) wherein the version of the first object depends on the version of the second object the version of the second object upon which the first object depends being determined by the version dependency data in the project object (paragraphs 0091 – 0092, Cook).

Art Unit: 2166

Cook does not explicitly disclose the version dependency data as claimed.

Goodman however teaches the object and data dependencies in paragraphs 0316 and 0378. Goodman furthermore teaches version control in paragraphs 0138, 0170 and 0173.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of data processing at the time of the present invention to combine the teachings of cited references because the version checking of Goodman's method would minimize the updating problems of Cook's method (paragraph 0014, Goodman).

Claims 3 – 13, 27 are rejected under the same rationale given for claim 1. The citations of the elements claimed and taught are listed below.

With respect to claim 3,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein designating comprises storing data in the project object that indicates that the target learning object is the project object (paragraphs 0098 – 0099, Cook).

With respect to claim 4,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the target learning object comprises a portal to other learning objects in the electronic learning system (paragraphs 0099 – 0100, Cook).

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

With respect to claim 5,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the other learning objects define a course offered via the electronic learning system (paragraph 0079, Cook).

With respect to claim 6,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 4, wherein the target learning object comprises a glossary of a course (paragraph 0081, Cook).

With respect to claim 7,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: identifying learning objects upon which the project object depends, moving the project object and learning objects upon which the project object depends between the local repository and the master repository (paragraphs 0104 – 0106, Cook).

With respect to claim 8,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: copying the version of the first object from the master repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository and resolving dependencies associated with the version of the first object in accordance with a predefined rule (paragraphs 0140 – 0142, Cook).

With respect to claim 9,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 8, wherein the version of the first object depends on the second object, and resolving comprises making the version of the first object depend on a most current version of the second object in the local repository (paragraph 0104, Cook).

With respect to claim 10,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: copying the project object, the version of the first object, and the version of the second object from the master repository to the local repository (paragraph 0104, Cook); creating a second version of the first object; and updating the version dependency data in the project object to reference the second version of the first object (paragraphs 0140 – 0142, Cook).

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

With respect to claim 11,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first and second objects stores information about a dependent object (paragraphs 0283 – 0285, Cook).

With respect to claim 12,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 11, wherein the information comprises an identity of the dependent object (paragraph 0285, Cook).

With respect to claim 13,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the method further comprises: copying the version of the first object from the master repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository (paragraph 0104, Cook); and resolving dependencies associated with the version of the first object in favor of current versions of objects on which the first object depends (paragraph 0110, Cook).

With respect to claim 14,

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Cook discloses a computer program product for use in an electronic learning system that stores information as learning objects, the computer program product being tangibly embodied in an information carrier, the computer program product being operable to cause one or more machines to: designate a target learning object as a project object (paragraph 0077, Cook); store version dependency data in the project object, the version dependency data identifying at least a version of a first object upon which the project object (paragraph 0078, Cook), and a version of a second object upon which the project object indirectly depends the project object being an object that is separate from the first object and second object (paragraphs 0079 – 0081, Cook) wherein the version of the first object depends on the version of the second object the version of the second object upon which the first object depends being determined by the version dependency data in the project object (paragraphs 0091 – 0092, Cook).

Cook does not explicitly disclose the version dependency data as claimed.

Goodman however teaches the object and data dependencies in paragraphs 0316 and 0378. Goodman furthermore teaches version control in paragraphs 0138, 0170 and 0173.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of data processing at the time of the present invention to combine the teachings of cited references because the version checking of Goodman's method would minimize the updating problems of Cook's method (paragraph 0014, Goodman).

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Claims 16 – 26 and 28 are rejected under the same rationale given for claim 14. The citations of the elements claimed and taught are listed below.

With respect to claim 16,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein designating comprises storing data in the project object that indicates that the target learning object is the project object (paragraphs 0098 – 0099, Cook).

With respect to claim 17,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the target learning object comprises a portal to other learning objects in the electronic learning system (paragraphs 0099 – 0100, Cook).

With respect to claim 18,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the other learning objects define a course offered via the electronic learning system (paragraph 0079, Cook).

With respect to claim 19,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the target learning object comprises a glossary of a course (paragraph 0081, Cook).

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

With respect to claim 20,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions operable to cause the one or more machines to: identify learning objects upon which the project object depends, move the project object and learning objects upon which the project object depends between the local repository and the master repository (paragraphs 0104 – 0106, Cook).

With respect to claim 21,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions operable to cause the one or more machines to: copy the version of the first object from the master repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository and resolve dependencies associated with the version of the first object in accordance with a predefined rule (paragraphs 0140 – 0142, Cook).

With respect to claim 22,

10/809,873

Art Unit: 2166

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the version of the first object depends on the second object, and resolving comprises making the version of the first object depend on a most current version of the second object in the local repository (paragraph 0104, Cook).

With respect to claim 23,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions operable to cause the one or more machines to: copy the project object, the version of the first object, and the version of the second object from the master repository to the local repository (paragraph 0104, Cook); create a second version of the first object; and update the version dependency data in the project object to reference the second version of the first object (paragraphs 0140 – 0142, Cook).

With respect to claim 24,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein at least one of the first and second objects stores information about a dependent object (paragraphs 0283 – 0285, Cook).

With respect to claim 25,

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the information comprises an identity of the dependent object (paragraph 0285, Cook).

With respect to claim 26,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the electronic learning system comprises a master repository that stores globally-available learning objects and a local repository that stores locally-available learning objects, and the computer program product further comprises instructions to cause the one or more machines to: copy the version of the first object from the master repository to the local repository without copying the project object to the local repository (paragraph 0104, Cook); and resolve dependencies associated with the version of the first object in favor of current versions of objects on which the first object depends (paragraph 0110, Cook).

With respect to claim 27,

Cook as modified discloses the method of claim 1, wherein the version of the first object and the version of the second object store object dependency data but not version dependency data, wherein the object dependency data for the version of the first object identifies one or more first learning objects upon which the version of the first object depends but does not identify versions of the one or more first learning objects, and wherein object dependency data for the version of the second object identifies one or more second learning objects upon which the version of the second object depends

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

but does not identify versions of the one or more second learning objects (paragraph 0316, Goodman).

With respect to claim 28,

Cook as modified discloses the computer program product of claim 14, wherein the version of the first object and the version of the second object store object dependency data but not version dependency data, wherein the object dependency data for the version of the first object identifies one or more first learning objects upon which the version of the first object depends but does not identify versions of the one or more first learning objects, and wherein object dependency data for the version of the second object identifies one or more second learning objects upon which the version of the second object depends but does not identify versions of the one or more second learning objects (paragraph 0316, Goodman).

10/809,873 Art Unit: 2166

Conclusion

13. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

10/809,873

Art Unit: 2166

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Navneet K. Ahluwalia whose telephone number is 571-272-5636.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alam T. Hosain can be reached on 571-272-3978. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Navneet K. Ahluwalia

Examiner
Art Unit 2166

Dated: 02/04/2008

HOSAÍN ALAM 'PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER